# SAFETY DATA SHEET V# 037233

H&W PRODUCTS COW TAIL PAINT GREEN GLOW

DATE OF

JANUARY 24, 2017

## P 2290

# SECTION 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME

: H&W PRODUCTS COW TAIL PAINT GREEN GLOW

PRODUCT NUMBER

: P 2290

RECOMMENDED USE

: Cow Marking Paint

APPLICATION METHOD

: Squeeze Bottle Application

MANUFACTURER

: GATEWAY PAINT & CHEMICAL COMPANY

2929 Smallman Street Pittsburgh, PA 15201

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE** 

: 1-800-424-9300

NUMBER

TECHNICAL PHONE NUMBER: 412-261-6642

## **SECTION 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)

Skin irritation (Category 3)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 4.1%

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms

Signal Word

Hazard statements

Precautionary statements

General

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is

needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Do not breathe vapor.

Response

Get medical attention if you feel unwell IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

attention.

Storage

Store locked up

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national Disposal

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and

cancer under long term exposure.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to

other containers for storage.

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## **SECTION 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Hazards not otherwise

Not Known

classified

#### **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance/mixture	Mixture
Other means of identification	Not available.

#### CAS number/other identifiers

NAME	CAS#	% (W/W)
calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	42.9
Ammonia salt of modified styrene acrylis polymer solution	NE	4.6
signal green pigment	013228-53-6	3.5
1,2-propanidiol	57-55-6	1.7
attapulgite	12174-11-7	1.2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description o	necessary firs	t aid measures
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Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and Eye contact

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for

at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for Inhalation

breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt orwaistband.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing Skin contact

and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh

air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get

medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt orwaistband.

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
Inhalation
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact
Inhalation
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### **SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEAUSES**

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

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Special protective equipment for firefighters In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon

monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or

without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment

For emergency responders If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

#### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective Measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
attapulgite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4I2014). TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust	
calcined kaolin	OSHA PEL (United States, 2I2013). TWA: 15 mg/m³ nuisance dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 4I2014).	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 212013).	

Appropriate engineering If user operations generate dust, furnes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures,

local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to

airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process

equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene Measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with

side-shields

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should

be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and

the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physical State

Flash Point

**Explosion limits** 

Color Odor

pH Boiling/condensation point Melting/freezing point Specific gravity Density (lbs/gal) Vapor pressure

Volatility **Evaporation rate** 

Solubility

Coating V.O.C. Partition coefficient:

noctanol/water

% Solid. (w/w)

Liquid

Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Not available Green

Not available 8.3 - 8.5 Not available Not available

1.466 12.20

Not available

59.20% (v/v), 41.23% (w/w)

Slower than ether

Completely soluble in the following materials: water

56.42 gms/liter Not available

58.77%

# **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Chemical stability

The product is stable

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid

No specific data

Incompatible materials

No specific data

Hazardous

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

decomposition products

# **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Practical Experience**

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Inhalation may cause irritation to the respiratory tract (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Direct skin contact may cause irritation. Local ventilation of emission sources may be necessary to maintain ambient concentrations below recommended exposure limits.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Direct eye contact may cause irritation. Mild eye irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### CARCINOGENICITY:

Attapulgite (contains a trace of Crystalline Silica) - Suspected of causing cancer. IARC has concluded that there was sufficient evidence of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals, but that there was limited evidence of carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to humans. Limited evidence suggests that crystalline silica (quartz), a trace component, is a human carcinogen.

**Acute Toxicity Values** 

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1. 1,2,propanediol	LD50 Oral - LD50 skin -	Rat Rat	22,000 mg/kg 20,800 mg/kg	

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Defatting irritant** 

Prolonged or repeated contact can de-fat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis

Target organs:

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eyes.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, stomach.

Carcinogenicity Classification

Carcinogenicity:

Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer

depends on duration and level of exposure.

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
attapulgite	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	1 - 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)     3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans	Known to be human carcinogen (Quartz)

Carcinogen Classification code:

ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to

be a human carcinogen

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

Teratogenicity: Not known

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

no data available

### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Environmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure

## **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**



Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL

PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measure

## **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	Not regulated.				
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)		•		•	
Packing group	-		-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Emergency schedules (EmS) Not Applicable

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Special precautions for user Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73I78 and the IBC Code

Not available..

## **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Health	1
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0

#### Federal regulations

#### State regulations

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

## Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Caution HMIS ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDS"s under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

he customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Date of previous issue:

Organization that prepared the SDS: Gateway Paint

#### Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by Gateway Paint, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.